

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM8307-2 is a dual, low power, low noise, high-speed, voltage feedback amplifier. The device can operate from 2.8V to 12V single supply or  $\pm 1.4V$  to  $\pm 6V$  dual power supplies. It provides an input range including ground. It also offers an output voltage swing within 250mV of the rails with a 150 $\Omega$  load by utilizing complementary common-source outputs and offers a high output current of 110mA. The SGM8307-2 features low differential gain and differential phase errors. It is suitable for single-supply consumer video applications.

The SGM8307-2 features high gain-bandwidth product of 75MHz and high slew rate of 150V/ $\mu$ s. So it supports low distortion operation. In contrast to previous low power single-supply amplifiers, decreasing the signal swing enhances the distortion performance of SGM8307-2. The combination of these characteristics makes the device a good choice as ideal input buffer stage of ADC. The SGM8307-2 has a wide dynamic range due to its low noise of 14nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ .

The SGM8307-2 is available in a Green SOIC-8 package. It is specified over the extended -40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  to +125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  temperature range.

### FEATURES

- **High Bandwidth:**
  - ♦ 135MHz (G = +1)
  - ♦ 70MHz (G = +2)
- **High Slew Rate: 150V/ $\mu$ s**
- **Low Noise: 14nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  (f > 1MHz)**
- **Support Input Voltage below 0V on Single Supply**
- **Output Voltage Swing:  $\pm 4.75V$  ( $V_S = \pm 5V$ )**
- **Wide Supply Range:**
  - ♦ **Single Supply: 2.8V to 12V**
  - ♦ **Dual Supplies:  $\pm 1.4V$  to  $\pm 6V$**
- **Quiescent Current: 8.5mA ( $V_S = +5V$ )**
- **-40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  to +125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  Operating Temperature Range**
- **Available in a Green SOIC-8 Package**

### APPLICATIONS

- ADC Input Driver
- DAC Output Driver
- Video Equipment
- PLL Filter
- Industrial Equipment

### TYPICAL APPLICATION

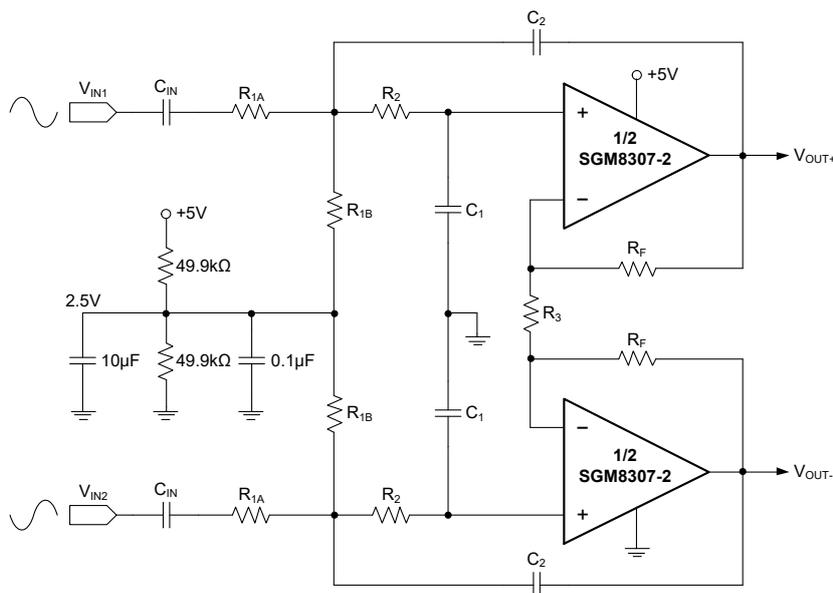


Figure 1. 5MHz, Sallen-Key Low-Pass Filter with 2nd-Order Differential Design on Single-Supply Operation

**PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION**

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM8307-2	SOIC-8	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8307-2XS8G/TR	0BOXS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000

**MARKING INFORMATION**

NOTE: XXXXX = Date Code, Trace Code and Vendor Code.

**XXXXX**



Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage, +Vs to -Vs	12V
Differential Input Voltage, VID	±2.5V
Input Voltage Range, VIN	-0.5V to (+Vs) + 0.5V
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	+260°C
ESD Susceptibility <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	
HBM	±8000V
CDM	±1000V

NOTES:

1. For human body model (HBM), all pins comply with ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specifications.
2. For charged device model (CDM), all pins comply with ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 specifications.

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C
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**OVERSTRESS CAUTION**

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

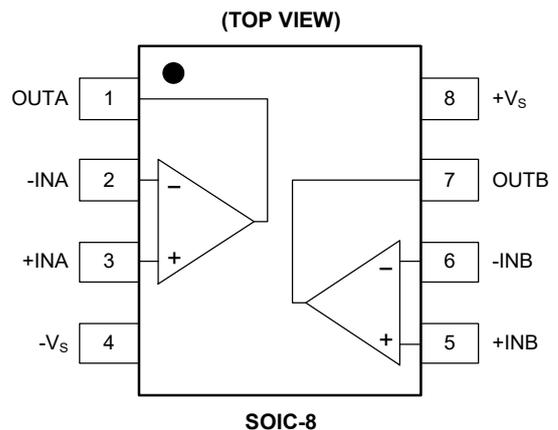
**ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION**

This integrated circuit can be damaged if ESD protections are not considered carefully. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because even small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet the published specifications.

**DISCLAIMER**

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.

**PIN CONFIGURATION**



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

( $V_S = \pm 5V$ ,  $G = +2$ ,  $R_F = 750\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND, Full =  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>Input Characteristics</b>							
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = 0V$	+25°C		±1.2	±6	mV
			Full			±6.5	
Average Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	$V_{CM} = 0V$	Full		20		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current	$I_B$	$V_{CM} = 0V$	+25°C		±0.1	±0.5	nA
			-40°C to +85°C			±2	
			Full			±20	
Input Bias Current Drift	$\Delta I_B/\Delta T$	$V_{CM} = 0V$	Full		1		nA/°C
Input Offset Current	$I_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = 0V$	+25°C		±0.1	±0.5	nA
			-40°C to +85°C			±1	
			Full			±10	
Input Offset Current Drift	$\Delta I_{OS}/\Delta T$	$V_{CM} = 0V$	Full		0.5		nA/°C
Negative Input Voltage			Full		-5.2		V
Positive Input Voltage			Full		2.9		V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio, RTI <sup>(1)</sup>	CMRR		+25°C	68	80		dB
			Full	65			
Input Capacitance	Differential		+25°C		5.0		pF
	Common Mode		+25°C		3.5		
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	$A_{OL}$		+25°C	100	110		dB
			Full	97			
<b>Output Characteristics</b>							
Output Voltage Swing	$V_{OUT}$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$ to GND	+25°C	±4.925	±4.95		V
			Full	±4.9			
		$R_L = 150\Omega$ to GND	+25°C	±4.7	±4.75		
			Full	±4.6			
Output Current, Sinking and Sourcing	$I_{OUT}$	$R_L = 10\Omega$ to GND	+25°C	75	110		mA
			Full	65			
Closed-Loop Output Impedance		$f \leq 100\text{kHz}$	+25°C		0.15		$\Omega$
<b>Power Supply</b>							
Operating Voltage Range	$V_S$		+25°C	2.8		12	V
Quiescent Current	$I_Q$		+25°C		8.5	11	mA
			Full			12	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio, RTI <sup>(1)</sup>	PSRR		+25°C	72	86		dB
			Full	69			

NOTE: 1. RTI = Referred-to-input.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

( $V_S = \pm 5V$ ,  $G = +2$ ,  $R_F = 750\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND, Full =  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>Dynamic Performance</b>								
Small-Signal Bandwidth	BW	$G = +1, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		135		MHz
		$G = +2, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		70		
		$G = +5, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		18		
		$G = +10, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		7.5		
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBP	$G \geq +10$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		75		MHz
Peaking at a Gain of +1		$V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		4		dB
Slew Rate	SR	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		150		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
Rise Time	$t_R$	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		6.5		ns
Fall Time	$t_F$	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		7		ns
Settling Time to 0.1%	$t_S$	$V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		180		ns
Harmonic Distortion	2nd-Harmonic	HD2	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, f = 5\text{MHz}$	$R_L = 150\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-50	dBc
				$R_L = 500\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-52	
	3rd-Harmonic	HD3		$R_L = 150\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-36	
				$R_L = 500\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-50	
<b>Noise</b>								
Input Voltage Noise Density	$e_n$	$f > 1\text{MHz}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		14		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Input Current Noise Density	$i_n$	$f > 1\text{MHz}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		1.8		$\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

( $V_S = +5V$ ,  $G = +2$ ,  $R_F = 750\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to  $V_S/2$ , Full =  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>Input Characteristics</b>								
Input Offset Voltage		$V_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	+25°C		±1.2	±6	mV
				Full			±6.5	
Average Offset Voltage Drift		$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	Full		20		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current		$I_B$	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	+25°C		±0.1	±0.5	nA
				-40°C to +85°C			±2	
				Full			±20	
Input Bias Current Drift		$\Delta I_B/\Delta T$	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	Full		1		nA/°C
Input Offset Current		$I_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	+25°C		±0.1	±0.5	nA
				-40°C to +85°C			±1	
				Full			±10	
Input Offset Current Drift		$\Delta I_{OS}/\Delta T$	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	Full		0.5		nA/°C
Least Positive Input Voltage				Full		-0.2		V
Most Positive Input Voltage				Full		2.9		V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio, RTI <sup>(1)</sup>		CMRR		+25°C	60	70		dB
				Full	57			
Input Capacitance	Differential			+25°C		4		pF
	Common Mode			+25°C		4		
Open-Loop Voltage Gain		$A_{OL}$		+25°C	90	110		dB
				Full	87			
<b>Output Characteristics</b>								
Output Voltage Swing		$V_{OL}$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$ to 2.5V	+25°C		0.03	0.06	V
				Full			0.075	
			$R_L = 150\Omega$ to 2.5V	+25°C		0.12	0.2	
				Full			0.25	
		$V_{OH}$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$ to 2.5V	+25°C	4.94	4.97		V
				Full	4.925			
$R_L = 150\Omega$ to 2.5V	+25°C		4.8	4.88				
	Full		4.75					
Output Current, Sinking and Sourcing		$I_{OUT}$	$R_L = 10\Omega$ to 2.5V	+25°C	60	105		mA
				Full	40			
Closed-Loop Output Impedance			$f \leq 100\text{kHz}$	+25°C		0.15		$\Omega$
<b>Power Supply</b>								
Operating Voltage Range		$V_S$		+25°C	2.8		12	V
Quiescent Current		$I_Q$		+25°C		8.2	11	mA
				Full			12	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio, RTI <sup>(1)</sup>		PSRR		+25°C	72	86		dB
				Full	69			

NOTE: 1. RTI = Referred-to-input.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

( $V_S = +5V$ ,  $G = +2$ ,  $R_F = 750\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to  $V_S/2$ , Full =  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>Dynamic Performance</b>								
Small-Signal Bandwidth	BW	$G = +1, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		125		MHz
		$G = +2, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		68		
		$G = +5, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		17		
		$G = +10, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		7		
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBP	$G \geq +10$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		70		MHz
Peaking at a Gain of +1		$V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		4		dB
Slew Rate	SR	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		140		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
Rise Time	$t_R$	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		7		ns
Fall Time	$t_F$	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		7.5		ns
Settling Time to 0.1%	$t_S$	$V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		180		ns
Harmonic Distortion	2nd-Harmonic	HD2	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, f = 5\text{MHz}$	$R_L = 150\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-53	dBc
	3rd-Harmonic	HD3		$R_L = 500\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-52	
				$R_L = 150\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-36	
				$R_L = 500\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-50	
<b>Noise</b>								
Input Voltage Noise Density	$e_n$	$f > 1\text{MHz}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		14		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Input Current Noise Density	$i_n$	$f > 1\text{MHz}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		1.8		pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

( $V_S = +3V$ ,  $G = +2$ ,  $R_F = 750\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to  $V_S/2$ , Full =  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
<b>Input Characteristics</b>										
Input Offset Voltage		$V_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = 1.5V$	+25°C		$\pm 1.2$	$\pm 6$	mV		
				Full			$\pm 6.5$			
Average Offset Voltage Drift		$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	$V_{CM} = 1.5V$	Full		20		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$		
Input Bias Current		$I_B$	$V_{CM} = 1.5V$	+25°C		$\pm 0.1$	$\pm 0.5$	nA		
				Full			$\pm 20$			
Input Offset Current		$I_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = 1.5V$	+25°C		$\pm 0.1$	$\pm 0.5$	nA		
				Full			$\pm 10$			
Least Positive Input Voltage				Full		-0.2		V		
Most Positive Input Voltage				Full		0.8		V		
Common Mode Rejection Ratio, RTI <sup>(1)</sup>		CMRR		+25°C	51	60		dB		
				Full	48					
Input Capacitance		Differential		+25°C		2.4		pF		
		Common Mode		+25°C		4.4				
Open-Loop Voltage Gain		$A_{OL}$		+25°C	90	110		dB		
				Full	87					
<b>Output Characteristics</b>										
Output Voltage Swing		$V_{OL}$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$ to 1.5V	+25°C		0.02	0.05	V		
				Full			0.06			
					$R_L = 150\Omega$ to 1.5V	+25°C		0.1	0.15	V
						Full			0.2	
		$V_{OH}$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$ to 1.5V	+25°C	2.95	2.98		V		
				Full	2.94					
					$R_L = 150\Omega$ to 1.5V	+25°C	2.85	2.9		V
						Full	2.8			
Output Current, Sinking and Sourcing		$I_{OUT}$	$R_L = 10\Omega$ to 1.5V	+25°C	45	60		mA		
Closed-Loop Output Impedance			$f \leq 100\text{kHz}$	+25°C		0.15		$\Omega$		
<b>Power Supply</b>										
Operating Voltage Range		$V_S$		+25°C	2.8		12	V		
Quiescent Current		$I_Q$		+25°C		8	10	mA		
				Full			11			
Power Supply Rejection Ratio, RTI <sup>(1)</sup>		PSRR		+25°C	72	86		dB		
				Full	69					

NOTE: 1. RTI = Referred-to-input.

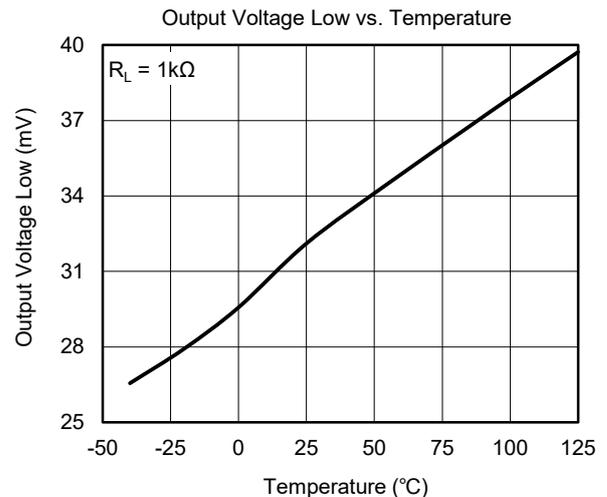
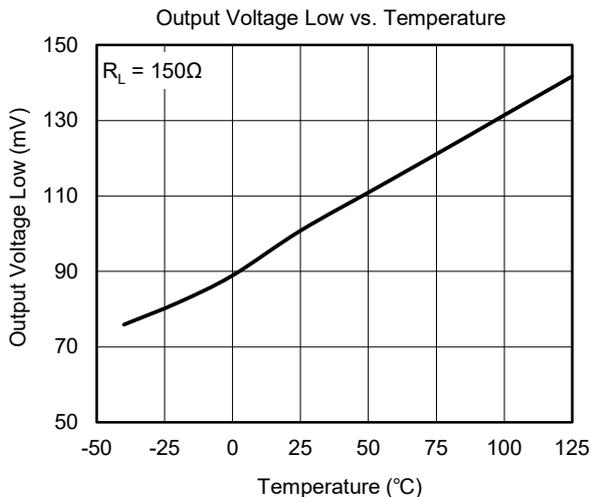
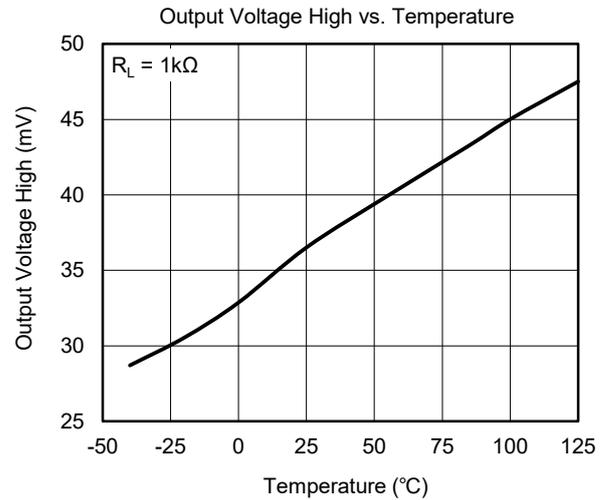
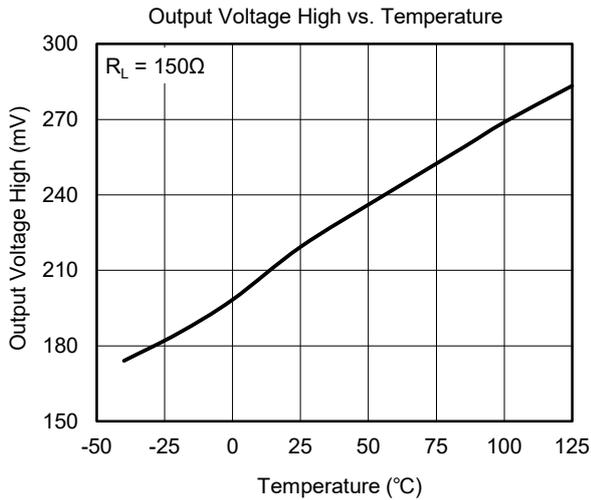
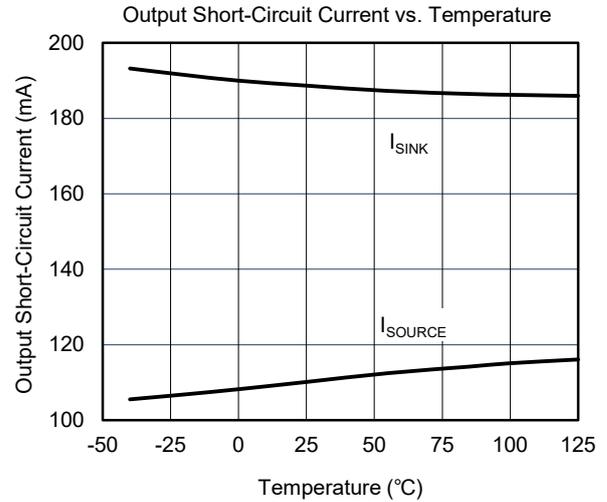
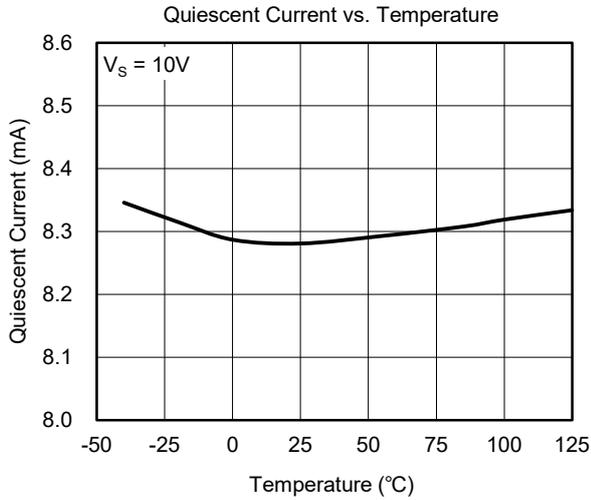
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

( $V_S = +3V$ ,  $G = +2$ ,  $R_F = 750\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to  $V_S/2$ , Full =  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>Dynamic Performance</b>								
Small-Signal Bandwidth	BW	$G = +2, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		62		MHz
		$G = +5, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		16		
		$G = +10, V_{OUT} \leq 0.2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		6.5		
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBP	$G \geq +10$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		65		MHz
Slew Rate	SR	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		120		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
Rise Time	$t_R$	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		8		ns
Fall Time	$t_F$	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		8.5		ns
Settling Time to 0.1%	$t_S$	$V_{OUT} = 1V_{P-P}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		185		ns
Harmonic Distortion	2nd-Harmonic	HD2	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, f = 5\text{MHz}$	$R_L = 150\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-53	dBc
				$R_L = 500\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-54	
	3rd-Harmonic	HD3		$R_L = 150\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-39	
				$R_L = 500\Omega$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		-55	
<b>Noise</b>								
Input Voltage Noise Density	$e_n$	$f > 1\text{MHz}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		14		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Input Current Noise Density	$i_n$	$f > 1\text{MHz}$		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		1.8		pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

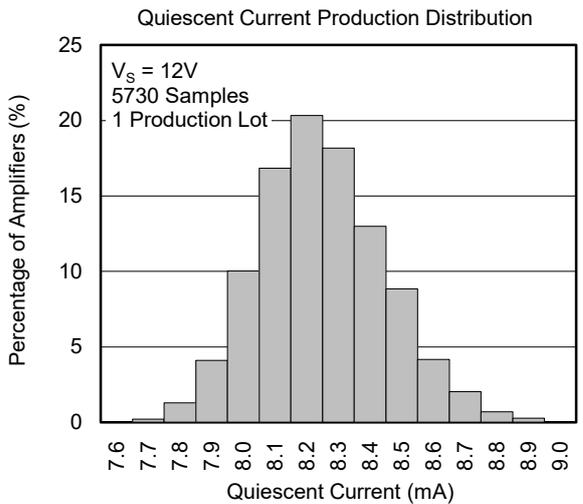
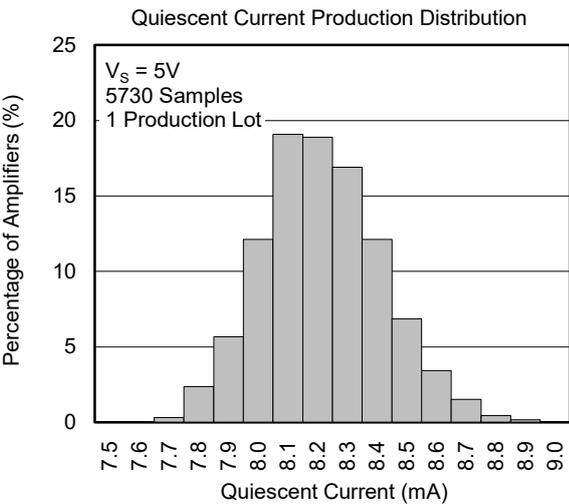
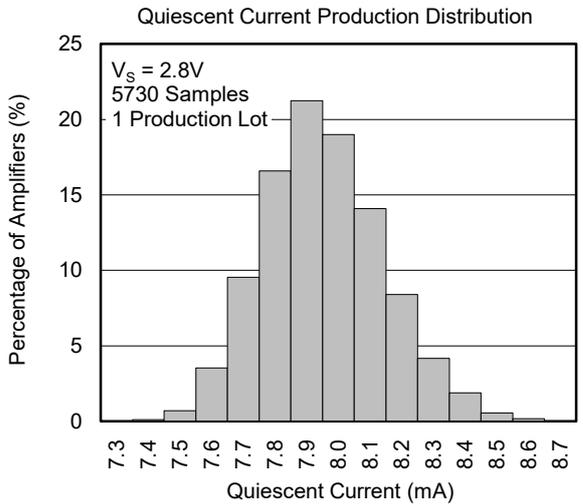
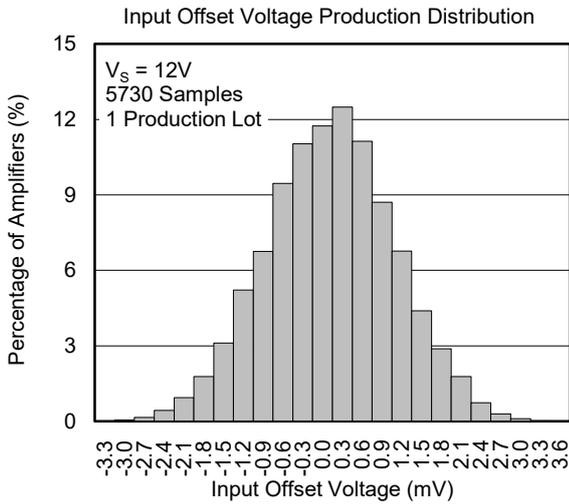
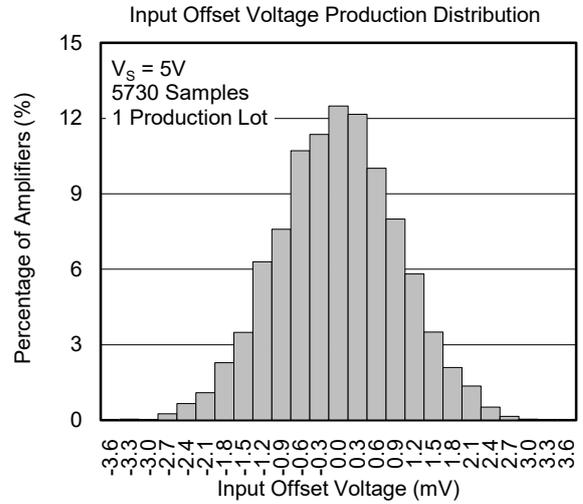
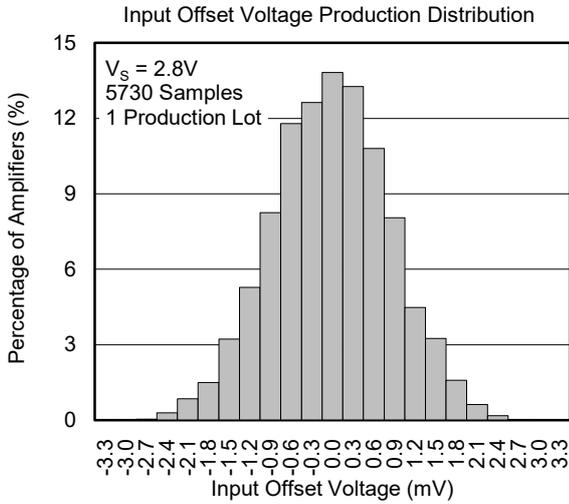
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = 12\text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted.



**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

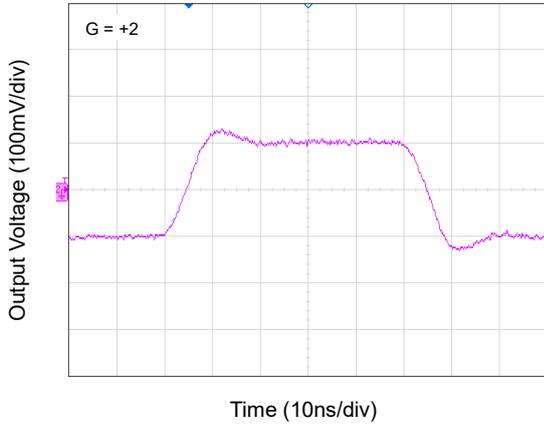
At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.



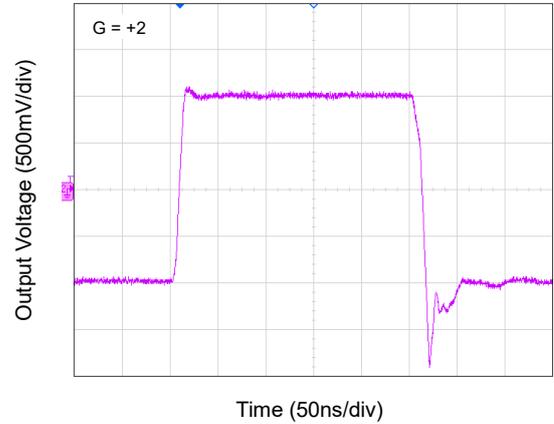
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$ ,  $G = +2$ ,  $R_F = 750\Omega$ , and  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND, unless otherwise noted.

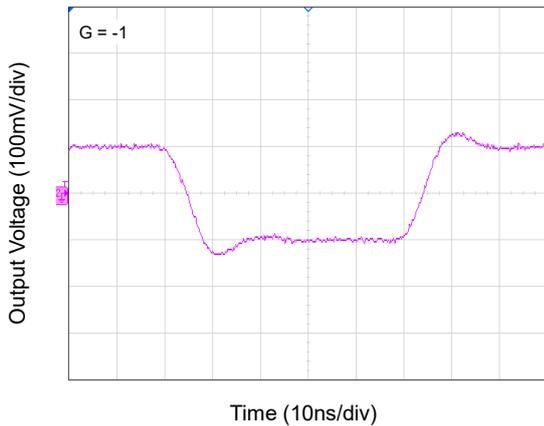
Non-Inverting Small-Signal Step Response



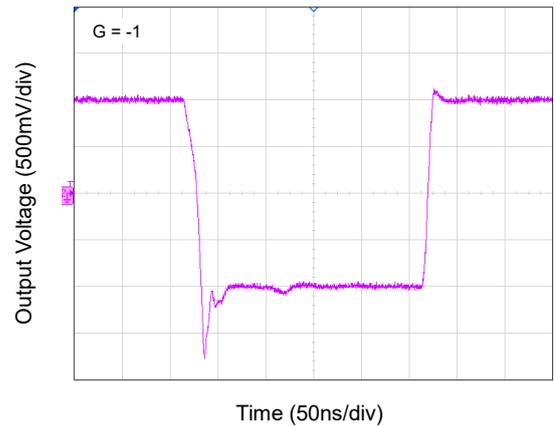
Non-Inverting Large-Signal Step Response



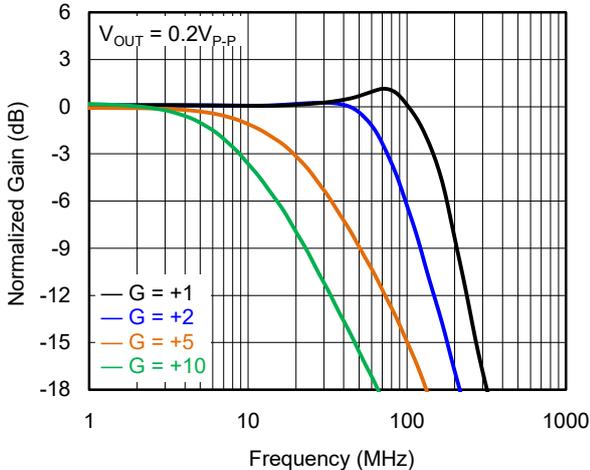
Inverting Small-Signal Step Response



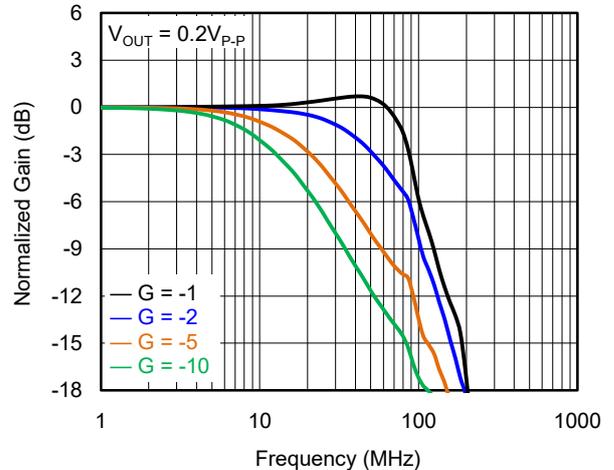
Inverting Large-Signal Step Response



Non-Inverting Small-Signal Frequency Response

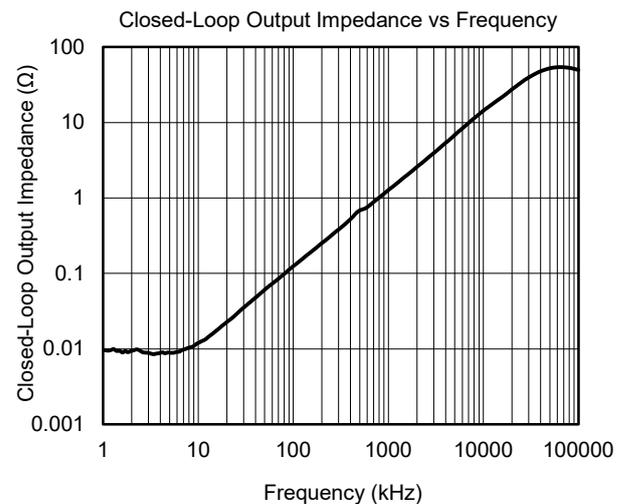
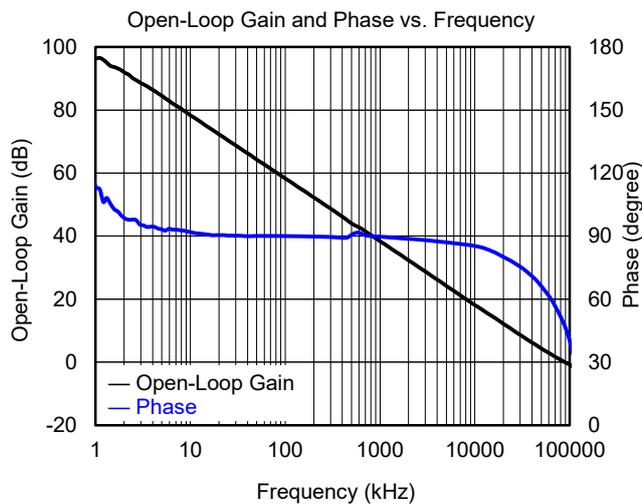
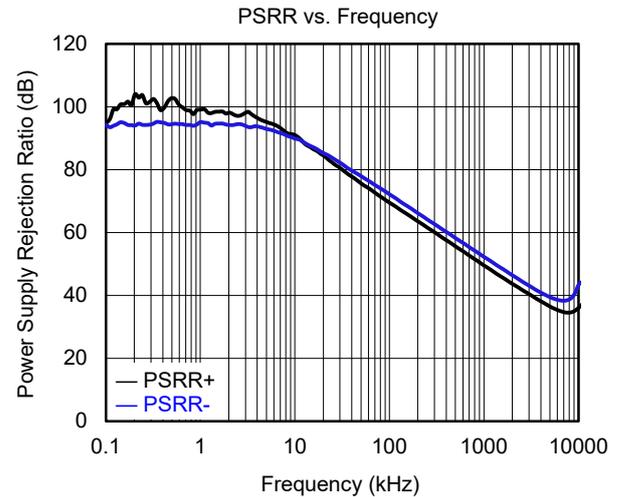
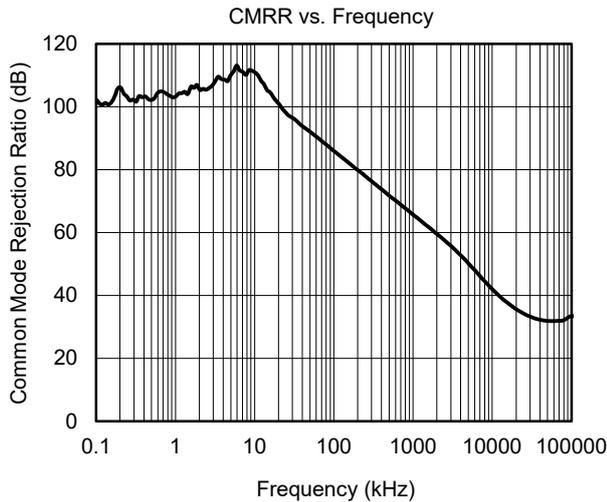
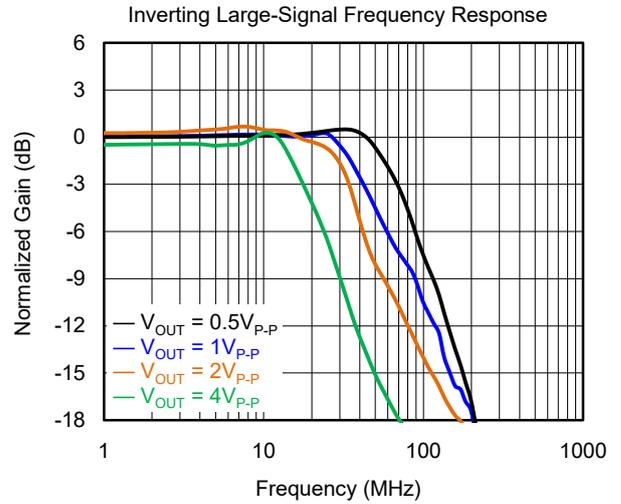
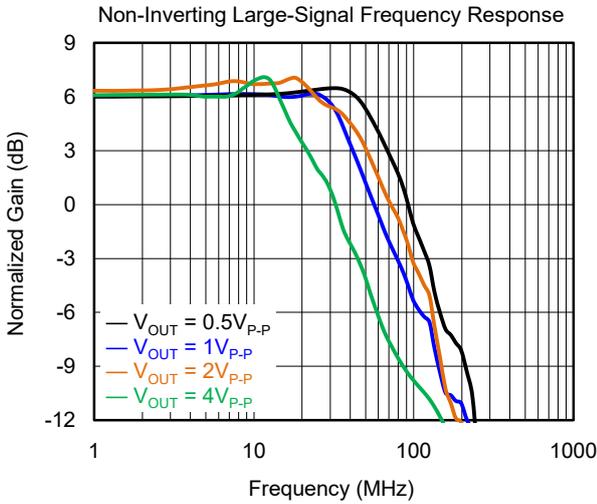


Inverting Small-Signal Frequency Response



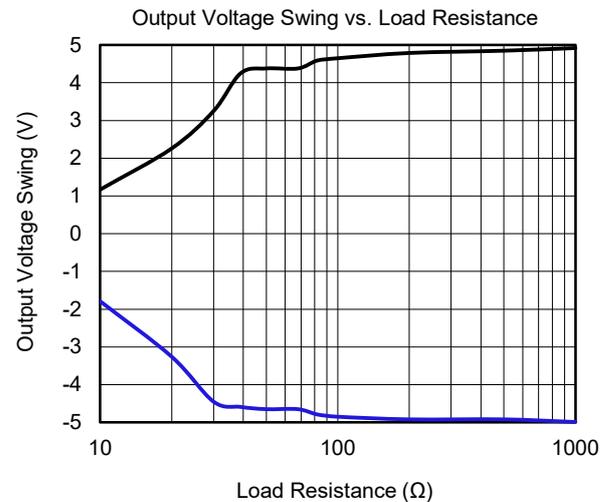
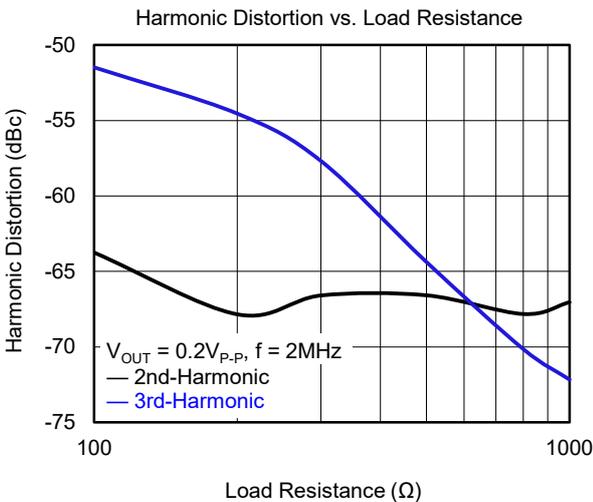
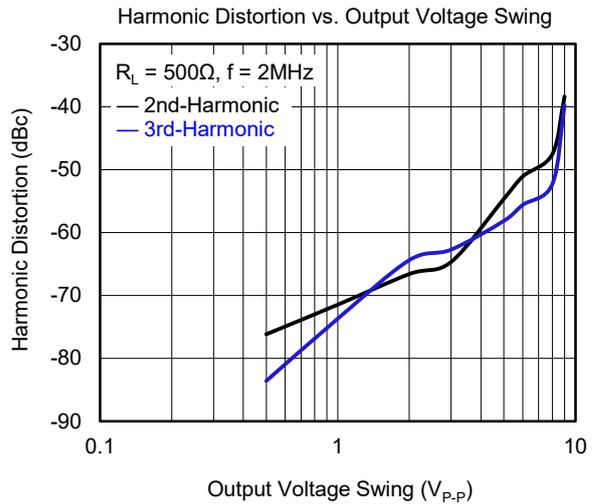
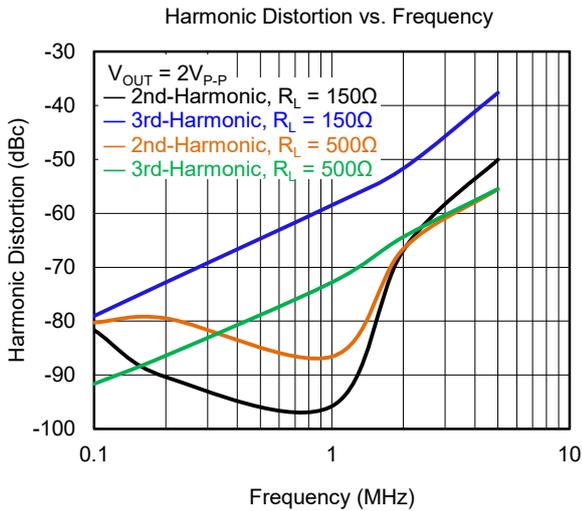
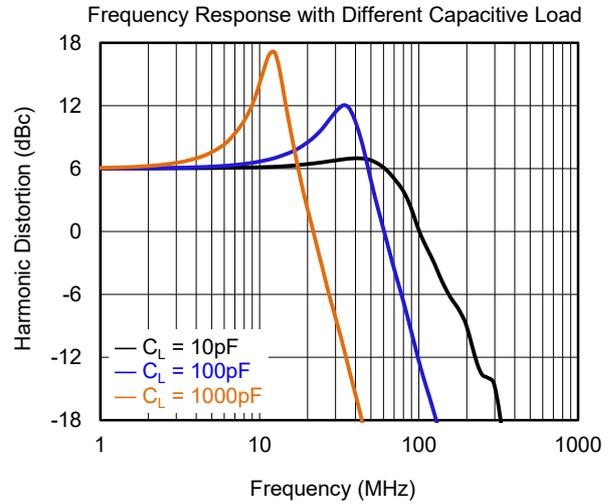
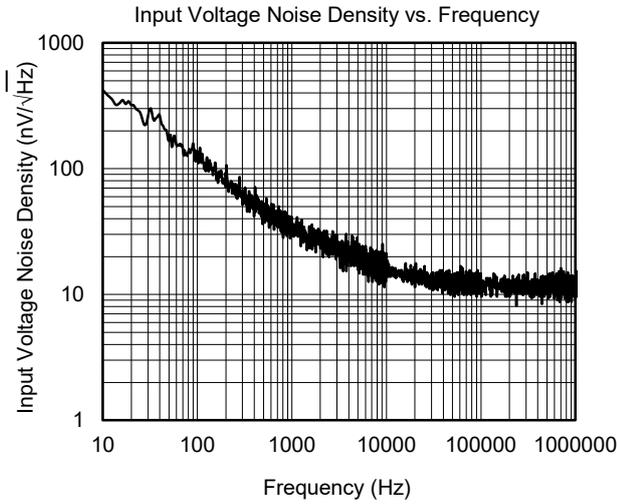
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$ ,  $G = +2$ ,  $R_F = 750\Omega$ , and  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND, unless otherwise noted.



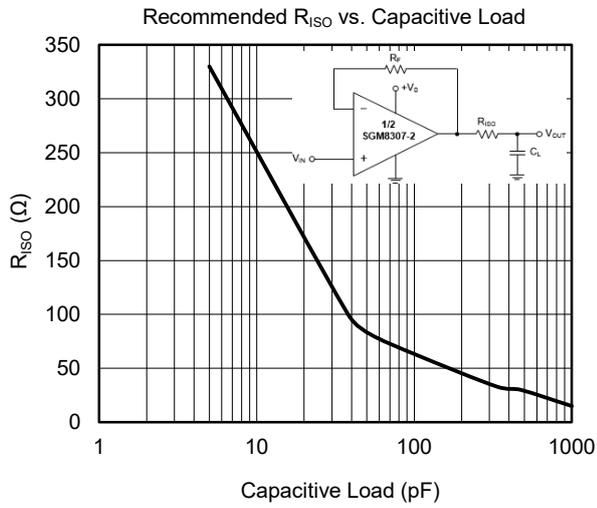
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$ ,  $G = +2$ ,  $R_F = 750\Omega$ , and  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND, unless otherwise noted.



**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$ ,  $G = +2$ ,  $R_F = 750\Omega$ , and  $R_L = 150\Omega$  to GND, unless otherwise noted.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Single-Supply Non-Inverting Amplifier

The SGM8307-2 is a high-speed voltage feedback operational amplifier that exhibits unity-gain stability, accommodating both single power supply (2.8V to 12V) and dual power supply ( $\pm 1.4V$  to  $\pm 6V$ ). The input voltages range from below the ground to 2.1V lower than the positive supply. The SGM8307-2 also provides an output voltage swing within 250mV of the rails with a 150 $\Omega$  load by employing complementary common-source outputs.

Figure 2 and Figure 3 illustrate the test circuits for electrical characteristics and typical performance characteristics for +5V and +3V single power supply, respectively. The input and output voltages are directly measured from the input and output terminals. The resistors between the non-inverting input and the  $V_S$  are utilized for generating a common mode bias voltage.

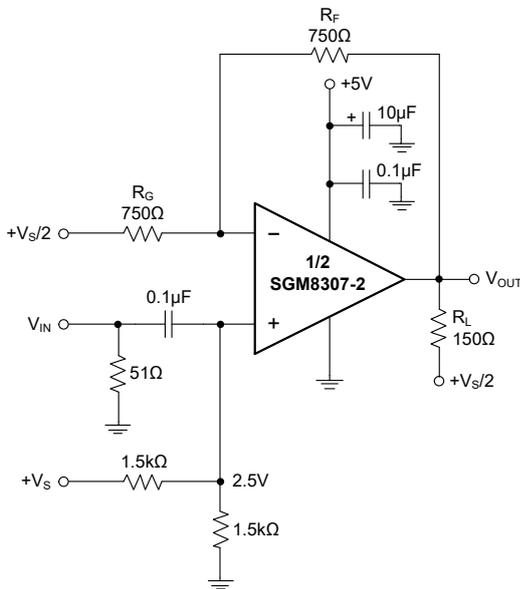


Figure 2. G = +2, +5V Single-Supply Non-Inverting Amplifier

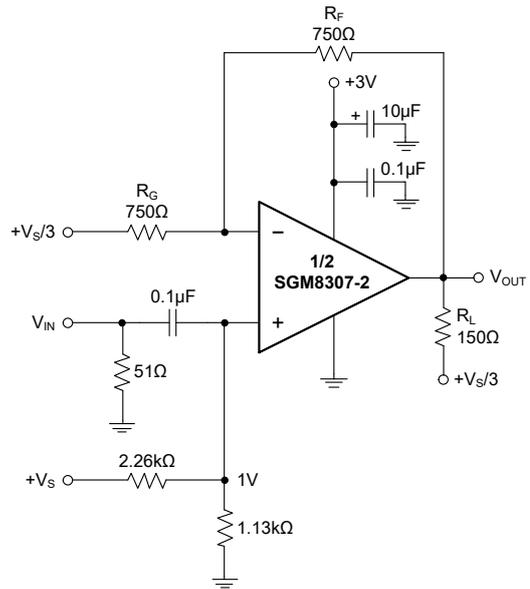


Figure 3. G = +2, +3V Single-Supply Non-Inverting Amplifier

Dual-Supply Non-Inverting Amplifier

Figure 4 depicts the circuit configuration for the electrical characteristics of a dual power supply. The optional capacitor between the positive and negative power supply pins can generally enhance the performance of the 2nd-harmonic distortion.

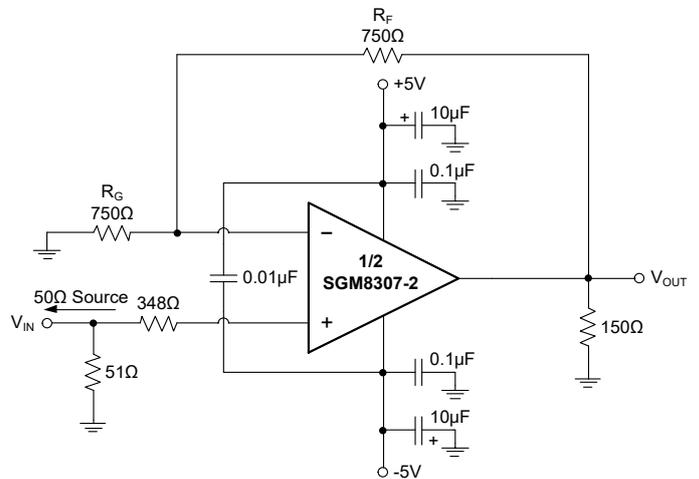


Figure 4. G = +2, Dual-Supply Non-Inverting Amplifier

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

Driving Capacitive Loads

When the output pin of the SGM8307-2 is directly connected to a capacitive load, it is recommended to add an isolation resistor between the output pin of the operational amplifier and the load capacitor to ensure stability or reduce the AC response peaking, as illustrated in Figure 5.

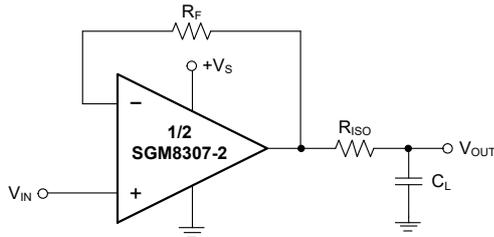


Figure 5. Unity-Gain Buffer with R<sub>ISO</sub> Stability Compensation

ADC Input Driver

The SGM8307-2 is well-suited as a single-supply ADC driver due to its wide input/output voltage ranges, excellent distortion performance, and support for single power supply ranging from 2.8V to 12V. Figure 6 shows a typical circuit used by the SGM8307-2 as an ADC driver, capable of elevating the input level. To achieve the specified signal gain (G) and the required upward shift in V<sub>OUT</sub> (ΔV<sub>OUT</sub>) when V<sub>IN</sub> is at its midpoint, the following equations determine the resistor values needed for the optimal performance.

$$NG = G + V_{OUT}/V_S$$

$$R_T = R_F/G$$

$$R_P = R_F/(NG - G)$$

$$R_G = R_F/(NG - 1)$$

where:

$$NG = 1 + R_F/R_G$$

$$V_{OUT} = (G)V_{IN} + (NG - G)V_S$$

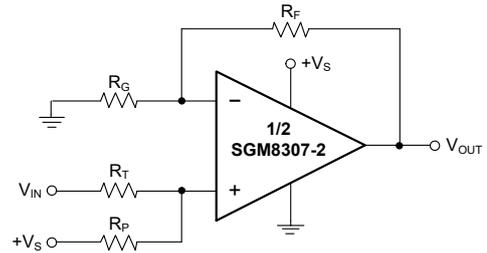


Figure 6. DC Level-Shifting Circuit

Non-Inverting Amplifier with Reduced Peaking

To mitigate the peaking of the AC response at low gain, a compensation resistor can be inserted between the input pins of the non-inverting amplifier to augment the noise gain, as illustrated in Figure 7. The equations for noise gain are as follows:

$$G_1 = 1 + R_F/R_G$$

$$G_2 = 1 + \frac{R_T + R_F/G_1}{R_C}$$

$$NG = G_1 \times G_2$$

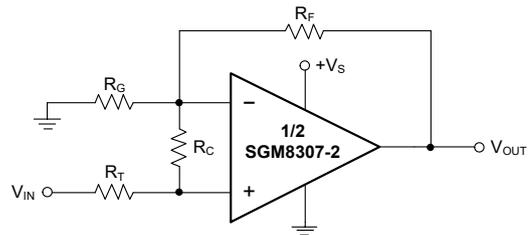


Figure 7. AC Response Peaking Compensation Circuit

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

DAC Output Driver

Utilizing SGM8307-2 as the output driver for high frequency DACs can effectively guarantee their SFDR performance. Figure 8 depicts a typical circuit in which SGM8307-2 is configured as a transimpedance amplifier to convert the DAC's differential output current into differential voltage. Due to the presence of the output capacitors, it is essential to add a feedback capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor for compensation in order to achieve a flat frequency response. The value of the feedback capacitor can be determined using the following equations:

$$\frac{1}{2\pi R_F C_F} = \sqrt{\frac{GBP}{4\pi R_F C_D}}$$

$$f_{-3dB} = \sqrt{\frac{GBP}{2\pi R_F C_D}}$$

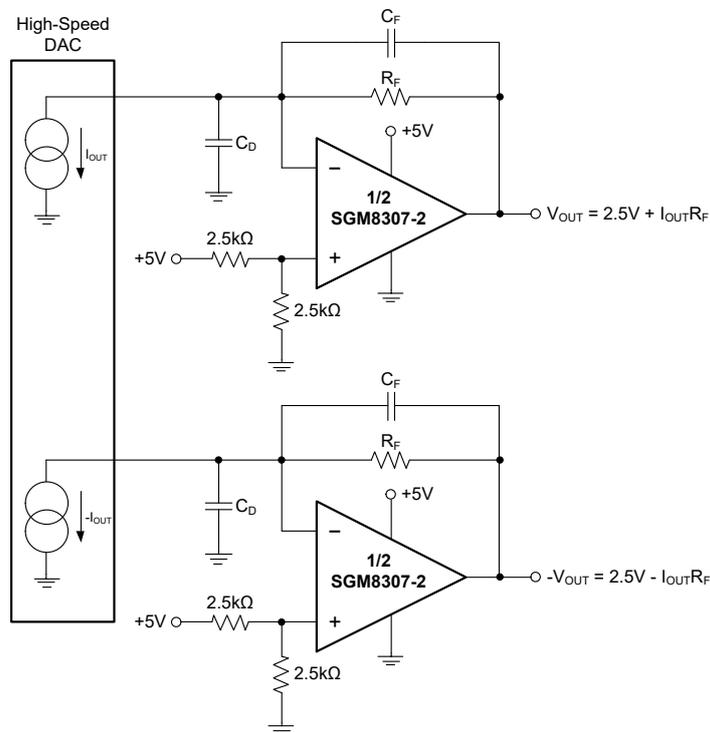


Figure 8. Differential Transimpedance Amplifier

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

Active Filter

The SGM8307-2 is highly suitable for use in single-supply active filter designs, showcasing its exceptional compatibility and proficiency in this application. Figure 9 illustrates a typical single-supply 2nd-order Sallen-Key (SK) low-pass filter. The cutoff frequency of this filter is  $1/2\pi\sqrt{(R_{1A}\parallel R_{1B})R_2C_1C_2}$ . Furthermore, the incorporation of two SGM8307-2 channels can be used to configure a differential active filter. An exemplary single-supply 2nd-order differential low-pass SK filter is depicted in Figure 10.

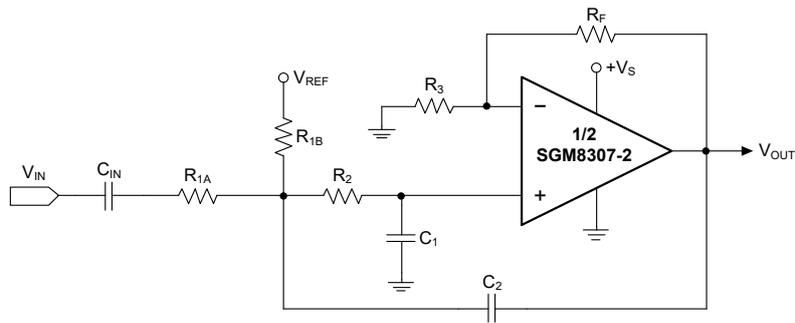


Figure 9. Single-Supply SK Low-Pass Filter

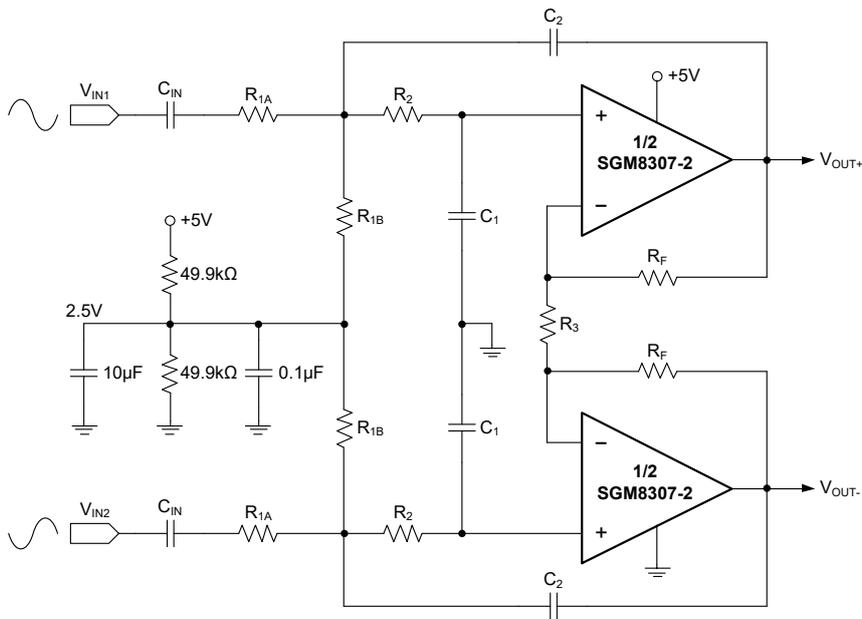


Figure 10. Differential Active Low-Pass Filter

**REVISION HISTORY**

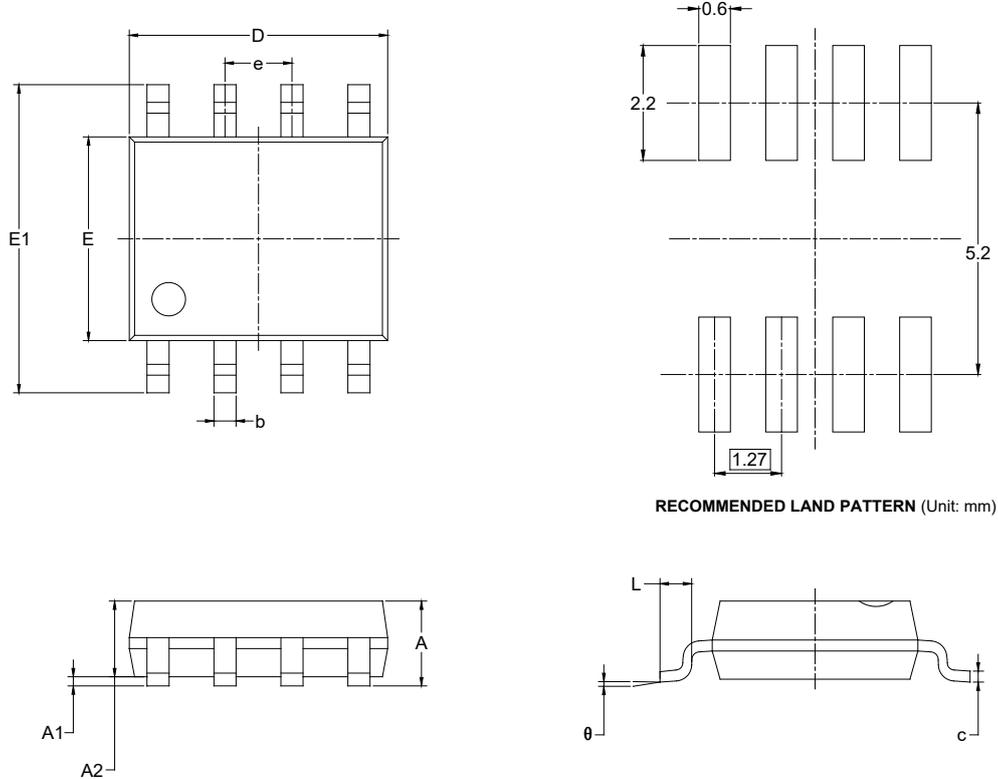
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

<b>Changes from Original (NOVEMBER 2024) to REV.A</b>	<b>Page</b>
Changed from product preview to production data.....	All

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PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

SOIC-8



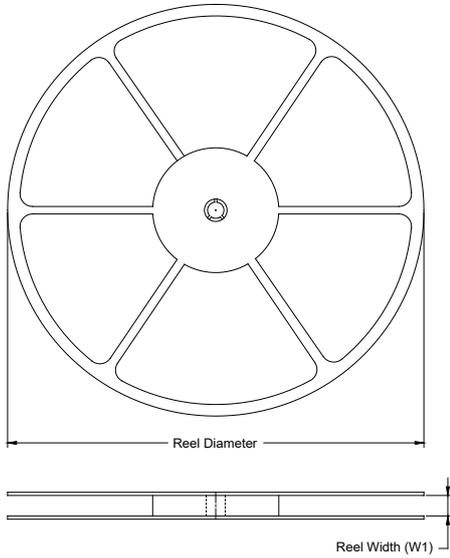
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
c	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
e	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
$\theta$	0°	8°	0°	8°

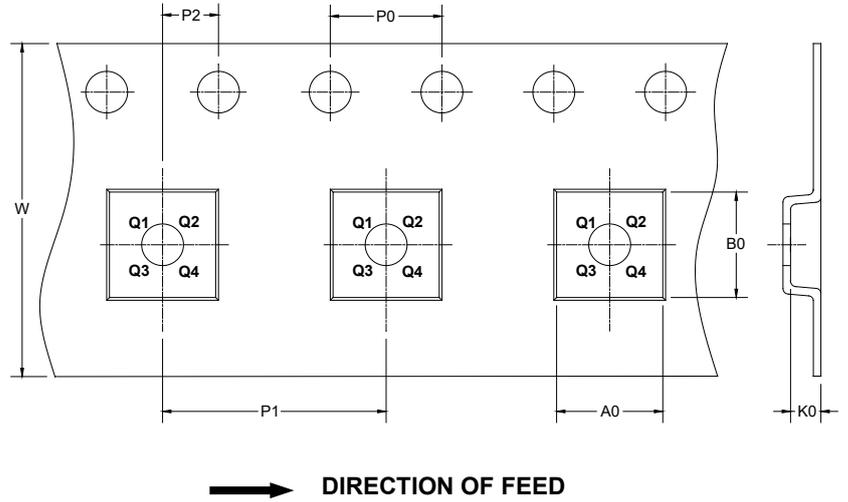
- NOTES:  
 1. Body dimensions do not include mode flash or protrusion.  
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS



TAPE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

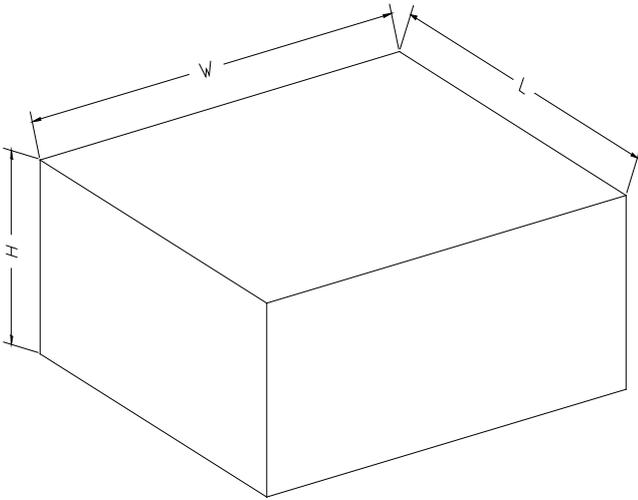
KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOIC-8	13"	12.4	6.40	5.40	2.10	4.0	8.0	2.0	12.0	Q1

DD0001

# PACKAGE INFORMATION

## CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

## KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton
13"	386	280	370	5

DD0002